

Healthy Cognitive Ageing Hunter's Hill (11.04.18) Henry Brodaty

Never Stand Still

Medicine













My grandpa started walking five kilometres a day when he was 65

Now he's 97 years old







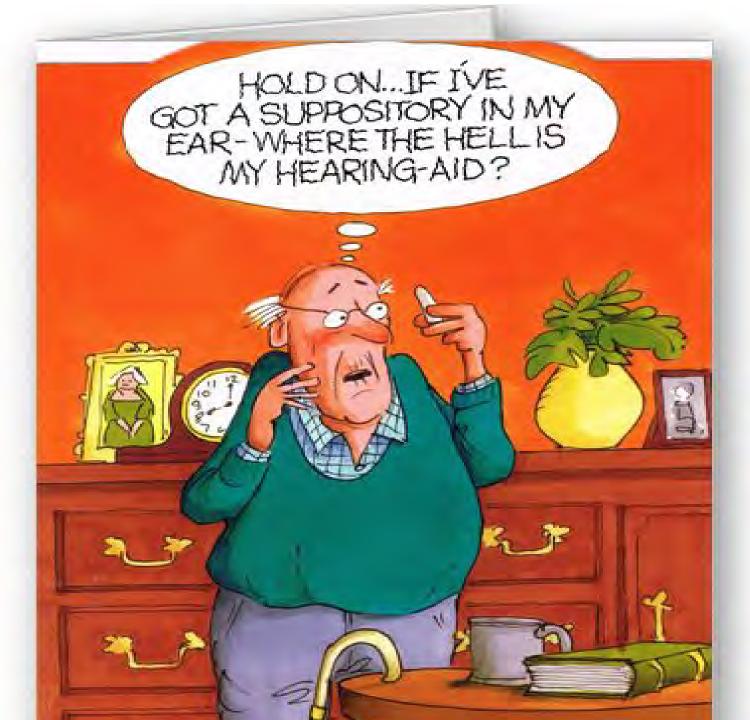
My grandpa started walking five miles a day when he was 60

Now he's 97 years old

And we have no idea where he is











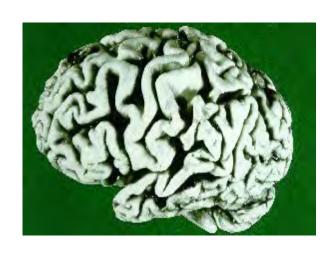
Dementia: quick facts

- Umbrella term, >100 causes
 - Alzheimer's 50% of dementias
 - Vascular 15-20%
 - Mixed 15-20%
 - Lewy body; Fronto-temporal dementia
- Global: 46.8m worldwide → 136m by 2050
- Australia: 425,000 → 1.1m by 2056
- Costs: Global USD818b; 1.09% GDP
 - Australia AU\$14b+ (2/3 direct costs); ≈1% GDP

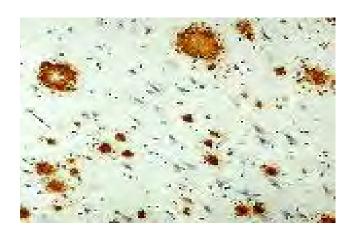




AD: a progressive CNS disorder with a characteristic pathology



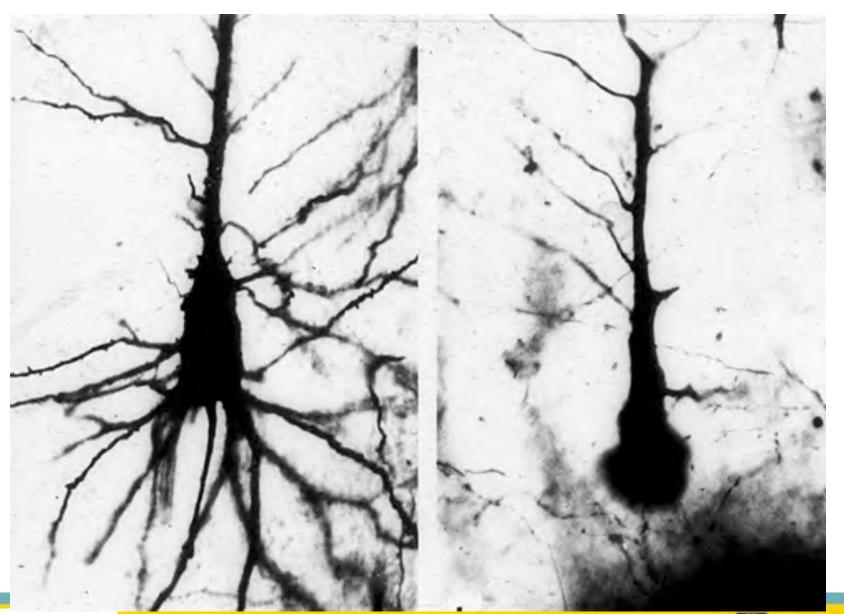




Katzman, 1986 Cummings and Khachaturian, 1996



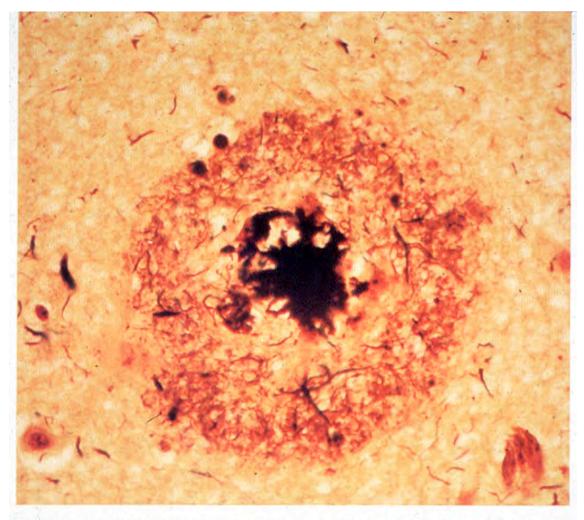








Amyloid plaque

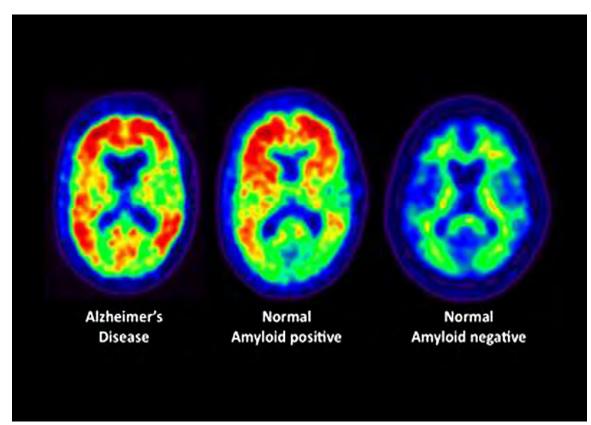


PLAQUE OF AMYLOID BETA-PROTEIN in the brain of an Alzheimer patient is visible as a black globular mass in this stained image. The plaque is surrounded by a halo of abnormal neurites (axons and dendrites) and degenerating neural cell bodies that appear darker than the normal neurons.





PET amyloid imaging: normal vs AD



Hotter colours = more amyloid

- 1 in 3 persons over 60 have amyloid+
- Amyloid+ →
 ↑ risk clinical progression
- Will all amyloid+ develop AD?
- When??







Vascular dementia types

- Single strategic stroke
- Multiple small strokes
- Thickening of walls of arterioles
- Haemorrhage



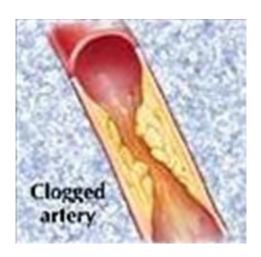


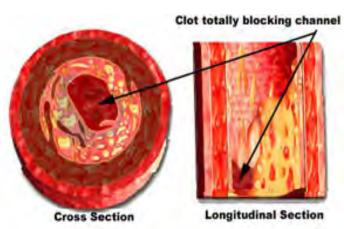
Plumbing





Arteries

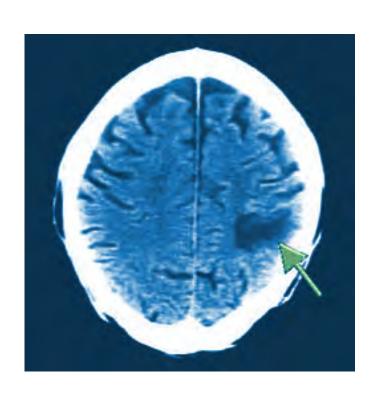


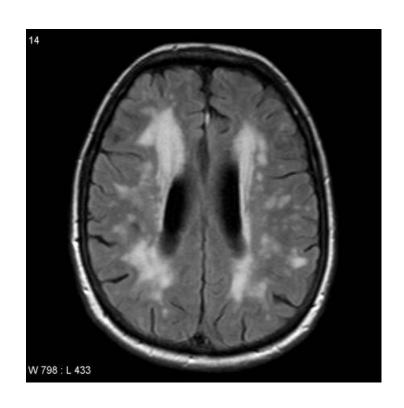






Strokes on brain scan









Can we prevent dementia? Can we prevent Alzheimer's disease? Can we prevent any other type of dementia?

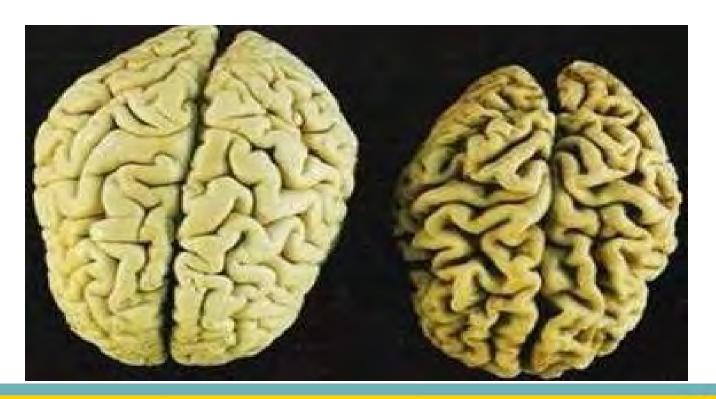






Can we prevent dementia?

- The adult brain weighs about 1.3 kg
- Dementia shrinks it to 1/2 its usual size







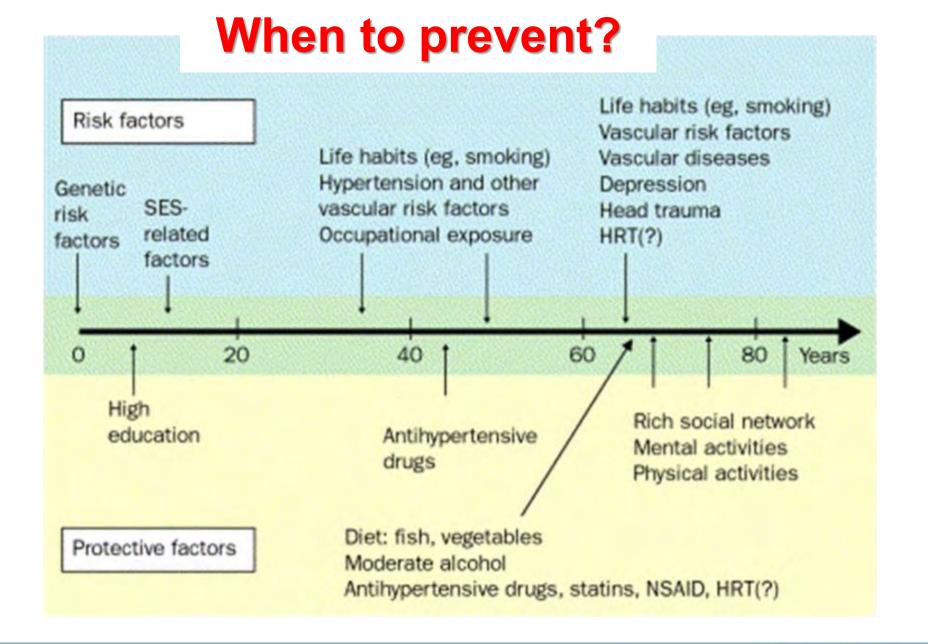
Elimination vs Postponement

- Disease elimination
 - eg smallpox vaccination
 - best prospect is AD vaccine
- Disease postponement¹: delay AD onset by...
 - 2 years, ↓ prevalence by 20%
 - 5 years, ↓ prevalence by 50%

¹Brookmeyer et al. (1998)











Is early life the most important target?

- 70% of world dementia in developing countries
 - Low foetal birth weight
 - Poor or no education
 - Poor socio-economic environment
- 12.4% West Australia's Kimberley Aboriginal people have dementia = 5.2x non-indigenous¹

Smith K et al, Neurology, 2008;71: 1470-1473







- Look after your heart
- Be physically active
- Mentally challenge your brain
- Follow a healthy diet
- Enjoy social activity

yourbrainmatters.org.au







Blood Pressure (BP) and Dementia

- Mid-life hypertension associated with late-life dementia
- BP ↓ before dementia onset
- Hypertension Rx may → risk ↓
- Each year of Rx → dementia risk↓
- 5 RCTs conflicting results
- Can harm if lower BP too much in older old



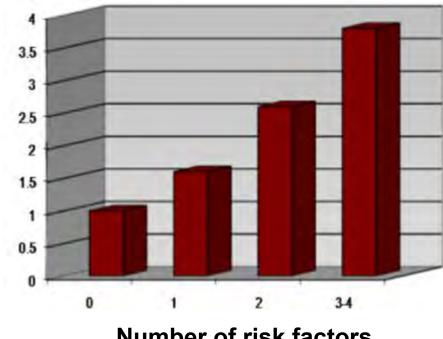




Dosage effect

As CVD risk factors accumulate, AD dementia risk increases

- If we count risk factors...
 - Hypertension
 - Smoking
 - Hypercholesterolemia
 - Obesity
 - Diabetes
 - Physical inactivity



Number of risk factors









Statins to prevent AD



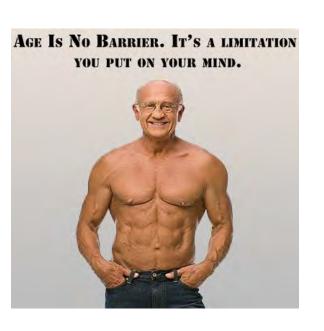
Mixed evidence







Physical activity = protective



- Several studies show physical activity protective against cognitive decline, dementia, Alzheimer's, vascular dementia
- More is better puffed, weights
- ≥ 3x per week; >150 min/wk,
 e.g. Perth Study
- Check with your doctor

¹Jedrziewski et al (2007). Alz Dem; 3:98-108; ² Lautenschlager et al (2008) JAMA; 300(9):1027-1037; ³Ravaglia et al (2007) Neurology; ⁴Larson et al (2006) Ann Intern Med; 144:73-81; ⁵Laurin et al, Arch Neurol 2001;58:498-504; ⁶Middelton et al, PLos ONE 2008;3(9):e3124







Can aerobic exercise protect against dementia?

- Preserve cognition and slow cognitive ↓
- Decreased incident dementia
- 8/11 RCTs in healthy older persons: cognitive & fitness improved
 - especially cognitive speed and attention
- Biomarkers ↑ e.g. brain volume
- Animal studies growth factors[↑], BDNF[↑],
 neurogenesis[↑], inflammation[↓], AD path. [↓]

Graff-Radford NR, Alzheimer's Research and Therapy 2011, 3:6







Physical activity benefits

- > Improved fitness
- ► Improved physical health ↓ heart disease, Hi BP, diabetes, some types of cancer, osteoporosis, sarcopenia
- Reduced morbidity & mortality
- > Improved mental health
- > Improved confidence, quality of life

http://www.mednwh.unimelb.edu.au/research/health_promotion.htm







Physical activity

- Physical activity benefits older adults to prevent dementia: Never too late to start
- Moderate intensity (brisk walking) 30 min 5d/wk
- Evidence for specific exercise not clear; more than one type and more exercise may be better
- Resistance training better in SMART Trial²
- Combine with social and mental activity better?

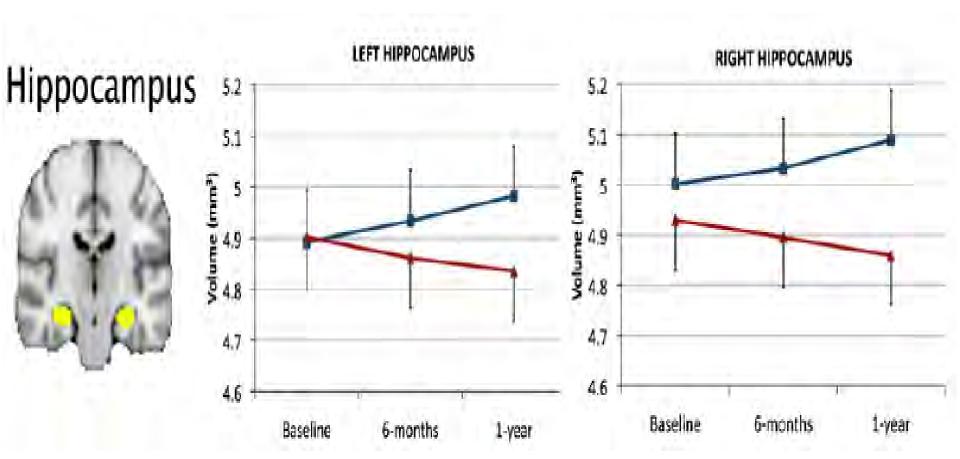
Denkinger et al. *Z Gerontol Geriat 2012*; 45:11–16 DOI 10.1007/s00391-011-0262-6 Fiatarone Singh MA et al *JAMDA* 2014;15:873-80







The power of physical activity



Erickson et al., 2011







Cognitive training

- Sudoku, crossword puzzles, reading, bridge??
- New language, musical instrument?
- Computer cognitive training













Cognitive interventions healthy older adults & people with MCI

- 20 RCTs with healthy adults
 - Memory improvements in 17/20
- 6 RCTs with MCI
 - Memory improvements in 4/6
- Unclear whether these improvements generalise to everyday activities

Reijnders, J., et al., Ageing Res. Rev. (2012), doi 10.1016/j.arr.2012.07.003



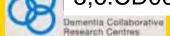




Cognitive training

- Systematic review of Randomised Controlled Trials with follow-up (more than 3mths) in healthy elderly¹
 - 7 RCTs met inclusion criteria, low quality
 - Strong effect size for cognitive exercise intervention versus wait-and-see controls
 - Longer follow-up effect remained
- Review of cog. training or rehabⁿ in dementia²
 - 11 RCTs, no benefit

Valenzuela & Sachdev (2009) Am J Geriatr Psychiatry 17(3)
Bahar-Fuchs, Clare, Woods – Cochrane Database Syst Rev. 2013 Jun 5;6:CD003260. doi: 10.1002/14651858.CD003260.pub2.





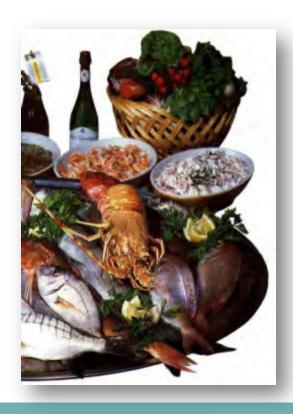
Mind your diet

- > Mediterranean diet
- > Antioxidants





What is Mediterranean diet?



- Abundant plant foods
- Fresh fruit as typical daily dessert
- Olive oil as principal source of fat
- Dairy products (cheese and yogurt)
- Fish and poultry low to moderate
- 0- 4 eggs week
- Red meat low amounts
- Wine low to moderate amounts
- Total fat = 25% to 35% of calories
- Saturated fat ≤ 8% of calories





Monthly Drink water SWEETS Wine in EGGS Weekly moderation POULTRY FISH & SEAFOOD CHEESE & YOGURT OLIVE OIL VEGETABLES FRUITS LEGUMES & Daily NUTS WHOLEGRAIN BREAD, PASTA, RICE, COUSCOUS, POLENTA, QUINOA, OTHER GRAINS & POTATOES

Daily Physical Activity

Meditⁿ Diet





Nutrition / Supplements



- Alcohol ? moderate
- Fish/Seafood/ω3?
- Vitamin D ?
- Caffeine ?
- Vitamin E ?
- Vitamin C x

Food sources better than supplements





B Vits and homocysteine

- OPTIMA: Folic acid 0.8mg + Vit B12 0.5mg + B6 20mg ^{1,2}
 - Reduce brain atrophy and improve cognition
 - Principally in people with high homocysteine
- Two systematic reviews and one trial did not find homocysteine lowering treatments beneficial 3,4,5
 - 1. Smith AD et al, PLoS ONE, 2010;
 - 2. Douaud et al. PNAS 2013;110:9523-9528
 - 3. Ford AH, Almeida OP Systematic review 19 RCTs *J Alz Dis.* 2012;29:133-49 doi: 10.3233/JAD-2012-111739
 - 4. Clarke R et al Am J Clin Nutr 2014;100:657–66 Effect of homocysteine lowering treatment on cognitive function: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. 11 large trials, 22,000 individuals
 - 5. van der Zwaluw 2yr RCT,B vits in 2919 Ps w HCy↑ Neurology;2014:83:1–9



Centenarian Hotspots Blue Zones









Okinawa: Reasons for Longevity

- A lean diet with fewer calories:
 - Vegetables
 - Tofu
 - Miso soup
 - A little fish or meat
- Confucian-inspired adage:
 - "hara hachi bu" = until your stomach is 80% full





Power 9 Principles of the Blue Zones

- 1.Moderate, regular physical activity
- 2.Life purpose
- 3. Stress reduction
- 4. Moderate calories intake
- 5.Plant-based diet
- 6.Moderate alcohol, esp wine
- 7. Engage in family life
- 8. Engage spiritually/ religion
- 9. Engage in social life







Right Outlook

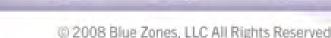
- 2. Know your purpose
- 3. Down shift

Eat Wisely

- 4. 80% rule
- 5. Plant slant
- 6. Wine@5

Belong

- 7. Family first
- 8. Belong
- 9. Right tribe







Nutrition / Supplements



- Fish√ ω3 ?
- Vitamin D ?
- Caffeine ?
- Vitamin E ?
- Vitamin C x

Food sources better than supplements







Vit D, NSAIDs, fish, curcumin

- Vit D low levels of Vit D are common and associated with development of dementia
 - No evidence that taking Vit D lowers risk
- Anti-inflammatories mixed epidem. evidence
- Fish oil some evidence, natural source ie fish (epidemiological)
- Curcumin some evidence (laboratory)







Smoking and AD



- Current smoking
 - increase risk for AD
- Previous smoking
 - Risk not significantly increased

Anstey K. Am J Epidem 2008





Alcohol

- Some evidence benefit with moderate alcohol
 - i.e. abstinent → higher risk,
 j-shaped curve
- Not all studies confirm
- Heavy alcohol is risk factor
- Which alcohol (red) wine?
 - Evidence not strong
- What is moderate?







Natural therapies

- Ginkgo biloba
- Turmeric, circumin
- DHA, omega 3
- Fo-ti root
- Soy isoflavone
- Vitamin E, Selenium
- Folate, B6, B12
- Saffron
- Brahmi
- Huperzine A

Ginkgo leaves





Member of ginger family





Unproven but popular

- Ketogenic diet

- Coconut oil

- Grain Brain

- Many others??

Promising?

- Resveratrol
- Next generation anti-ageing compounds







Centre for Healthy Brain Ageing

https://cheba.unsw.edu.au/

Our vision is to achieve, through research, healthier brain ageing and better clinical care of age-related brain diseases









- Prevention trial, NHMRC funded, 5 years
 - Internet based, largest trial in world
 - 18,000 Australians 55-75 years old
 - Exercise, cognitive training, diet, blood pressure, cholesterol, glucose, depression
 - Tailored to individual risk factors

www.cheba.unsw.edu.au







HEALTHY AGEING FORUM 10am – 1pm Wed 31 October 2018 The Juniors



558A Anzac Pde Kingsford Free to attend and enjoy morning tea You must book

Phone: 9382 3753

Email: ACPforum@health.nsw.gov.au



Thank you

- Eat half
- Exercise double
- Love without limit

Centre for Healthy Brain Ageing (CHeBA)

www.cheba@unsw.edu.au

Dementia Collaborative Research Centre

www.dementiaresearch.org.au





